

Dear Sirs,

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2-12-91

I noticed sometime ago that you interviewed John McManus of The John Birch Society.

With all that as happened since that interview, in my opinion and as a way of a suggestion ~~and~~ If I may, please bring him back for a follow up.

1) mandela 2) New World Order  
3) Mid East WAR would be 3 great topics to discuss with him.

Also I hope you don't mind that I have enclosed some of his writings for your further consideration.

JBS #

Sincerely, I am

Burlington, NC 27217

cc: S. Trahern ✓

## FOOL ME MORE THAN ONCE, SHAME ON ME!

by John F. McManus

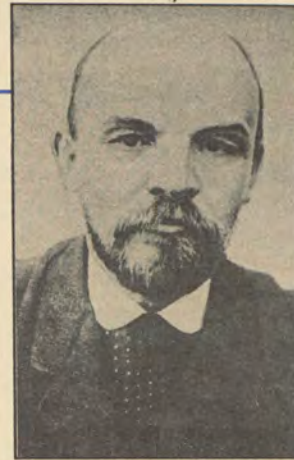


The Bolshevik Revolution occurred in late 1917. Early the following year, after successfully overcoming political opposition, Lenin subordinated the entire Russian economy to Communist theory. He confiscated industry, seized productive farms, and mobilized able-bodied persons into labor gangs. Then, he created the first Communist secret police organization, the Cheka, to force the people into making the Communist's socialism work. Even this dreaded force could not accomplish the impossible.

In a matter of months, factories were producing less than 15 percent of pre-revolutionary output, farms less than half. Compounding the miseries of the Russian people — and the problems facing Lenin — were a disastrous famine and the outbreak of anti-Bolshevik forces that led to the creation of a Red army.

Lenin needed help. In desperation, he created the New Economic Policy (NEP), allowing a return to some pre-revolutionary economic practices. The seeming relaxation of Communist force and terror encouraged the West to send aid. The United States alone sent 700,000 tons of foodstuffs, all of which helped the Communist rulers to stay in power.

But Lenin invited the West to send its engineers, scientists and businessmen as well. German and American industrialists promptly helped build the aircraft, mining, and oil-drilling industries. Much of the money used to pay for these favors was obtained by deliberately starving millions of peasants and exporting their agricultural products. After 1925, the Soviets began violating the terms of the solemn agreements made with their visiting suppliers and technicians. They stole virtually everything from



Lenin fathered the  
"New Economic Plan."

those who had answered their plea for help.

The help given to Lenin literally saved the Communist regime from collapse. At best, it was complete folly to have provided it; at worst, doing so gave evidence of sympathy for Red terror. Whatever the case, the events of the early 1920s established a pattern that has characterized repeated Soviet failures and Western rescues right up to today. Whenever the Communists are in trouble, they announce a "new" program, and the West, chiefly the government of the United States, sends vitally needed help. The help, of course, never goes to the people; in a totalitarian regime, it can go nowhere but to the government.

### The Stalin Years; More Aid

Lenin died in 1924. It took Stalin a few years of merciless maneuvering to achieve total control of the USSR. Once in control, he turned his attention to transforming the nation into an industrial power. But he also reinstated Communism's war on private ownership of businesses and farms. When millions of Kulaks resisted, he ordered their liquidation. In the Ukraine, millions more were slaughtered in a government-created famine.

In 1928, Lenin's NEP gave way to Stalin's Five Year Plan. Ford Motor Company built an automo-



Stalin authored the USSR's  
"Five Year Plan."

bile plant at Gorki. Other American firms built steel mills, tractor factories, and a huge hydroelectric power plant. The Soviet response to these gestures of friendship was to continue murdering millions throughout the USSR. Stalin later told Churchill that ten million Kulaks had to be dealt with, and that "the great bulk were wiped out" between 1930 and 1932.

Stalin's collectivization of farms and industry took its predictable toll. By 1933, the Soviets were economically on the ropes again so they turned to the West once more. Stalin sent Maxim Litvinov to Washington to assure U.S. officials of a new policy of "nonintervention" in internal U.S. affairs. President Roosevelt granted the Kremlin diplomatic recognition, reversing a policy of four predecessors. With newly acquired legitimacy, the Soviets secured credits from the West and were able to stay alive. The West had saved Communism again. Stalin expressed his gratitude by launching a series of bloody purges in order to consolidate his waning power. Estimates place the number of his victims during this period at about three million.

Even though his power within the USSR was restored, Stalin faced a new threat from the growing might of Nazi Germany. Hatred for Communism, as intense as it became, was not enough to keep Hitler from joining with Stalin in the infamous German-

has actually occurred merely amounts to window-dressing, a public relations campaign called glasnost. At its roots, Communism continues to be a monstrous evil that honorable individuals should shun. Instead of helping him, anyone who loves freedom and treasures honor should demand that Gorbachev close all of his gulags and detention camps; pull his troops out of Eastern Europe; cease financing Castro, Ortega, and an assortment of other dictators around the globe; adhere to solemn agreements; and renounce his twin determinations to build a "world of Communism," and to "strengthen socialism."

Fool me once, shame on you! Fool me twice, shame on me! What about four times? Six times? Ten times?

Americans who have relied on their leaders in government and the media have been betrayed. The betrayers are determined to keep Communist power alive, eventually to merge it with its Western patrons in a one-world, Communist-style tyranny. Millions of victims of Communism plead for the aid to stop. Will enough Americans see through the propaganda and put an end to the deadly business of helping Communist tyrants? Or will Gorbachev and his allies continue marching toward their goal? The answer is up to you.

### What You Can Do

1. Send \$5.00 for the John Birch Society's Information Packet. You will receive a wide assortment of our published materials and a complete explanation of our strategy and tactics.
2. Additional copies of this article are available at 5 for \$1.00; 100 for \$12.00, plus \$2.00 postage and handling.

THE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY  
P.O. Box 8040 • Appleton, WI 54913



Gorbachev grows when in Moscow, smiles when he addresses the West.

Soviet non-aggression pact of August 1939. Only weeks after signing this treaty, the two arch-criminals sent their troops into hapless Poland and World War II was underway. All the while, however, Hitler was secretly planning a campaign against the Soviet Union, and he sent his armies into Russia in a full-scale assault in June 1941. The Soviets needed help once more.

America intervened in this war between the two criminal dictators on the side of the Soviets. Many Americans felt that the Nazis and the Communists ought to have been left alone to fight each other to the death. Instead, U.S. assistance in the form of Lend-Lease aid saved Communism once again. Not only did huge quantities of Lend-Lease material enable the Soviets to resist the Germans, it helped the USSR become a world power. And Americans, who overwhelmingly cheered for the Soviets, forgot that Stalin's non-aggression pact with Germany had given Hitler the green light to conquer most of Europe while Stalin's other non-aggression pact with the Japanese had opened a door for them to attack Pearl Harbor.

During World War II, the Soviets started backing up their rhetoric about seizing world power by occupying Latvia, Lithuania, Estonia and Finland. Yet, vast amounts of aid continued to flow — even at the

expense of supplying U.S. forces in the Pacific. Nothing, it seemed, was to interfere with the policy of helping Stalin. And as soon as the war had ended, the Soviets expressed their gratitude by gobbling up all of Eastern Europe and instituting new reigns of terror in those nations.

#### More Ways To Help Communism

In the 1950s, U.S. officials claimed that aid to the USSR's satellite nations would break them away from Moscow's control. During one period, Yugoslavia received half its national income in the form of American aid, enough to inaugurate its own foreign aid program to spread Communism elsewhere.

Repeated Communist economic failures prompted the creation of a campaign of aid known as "peaceful coexistence." The Soviets responded by smashing Hungary's legitimate attempt to regain freedom in 1956.

More Communist deficiencies spawned the beginning of "bridge building," another program that saw U.S. loans, credits and gifts flowing to the Red world. And the Soviet answer included tanks to crush a Czech attempt at freedom in 1968.

While Americans were still dying in Vietnam — killed by Communist bullets fired from Communist guns — the American people were introduced to "detente." This latest round of excusing Communist atrocities (while helping them to maintain and expand the Red empire) began even as Soviet-bloc ships supplied the Viet Cong.

Successive administrations in Washington have signed U.S.-USSR disarmament treaties and the Soviets have broken every one — to their distinct advantage. American taxpayers financed the construction of the huge Kama River truck factory in the heart of the Soviet Union, and the Soviets used the trucks to invade neighboring Afghanistan. In 1982, when the Soviet satellite government in Poland was about to default on loans supplied by the U.S. government, the Reagan Administration cancelled the debt, even breaking existing law to do so.



Repeated Western aid has helped to build Soviet credibility.

#### Enter Glasnost And Perestroika

And now, the Soviet economy — strapped because of the inherent failure of its system and because of a huge military buildup — is in dire straits once again. The USSR's new leader knows how to smile, and he even admits that his nation is in trouble. He promises perestroika (restructuring) for the Soviet economy, but his regime has relaxed little of its grip on Soviet life. And he has virtually everyone in the West clamoring to help Communism once again.

Mikhail Gorbachev calls his new attitude glasnost, and Americans have been told that the word means "openness." But any Russian-language student will confirm that the word means "publicity." Glasnost is simply another public relations ploy to get the West to finance Communism. It is different, only in name, from NEP, Five Year Plan, Lend-Lease, peaceful coexistence, bridge building, and detente, each of which either rescued Communism from collapse, or enabled it to carry on its determined war on civilization.

To the West, Gorbachev smiles, extends an open hand, and invites investment and access to Soviet markets. But to his Communist comrades, the wily Gorbachev sings a different tune. On November 2, 1987, at the close of the 70th anniversary celebration

of Bolshevik power, Gorbachev clearly and emphatically repeated the long-standing Soviet goal: "In October 1917, we parted with the Old World, rejecting it once and for all. We are moving toward a new world, the world of Communism. We shall never turn off that road."

And in his highly touted book, *Perestroika: New Thinking For Our Country and the World*, Gorbachev clearly states: "We are not going to change Soviet power, of course, or abandon its fundamental principles, but we acknowledge the need for changes that will strengthen socialism and make it more dynamic and politically meaningful."

#### Will We Let Them Fool Us Again?

Two questions Americans should ask themselves are:

1. Will we again rescue a faltering Soviet economy?
2. Will we continue to sustain a regime that maintains a huge network of gulags, stations its troops throughout Eastern Europe to suppress freedom, and sponsors revolution and terrorism on every continent?

There are some, even national leaders, who claim that Communism has changed. What little change

## Current Agenda

No CFR member is ever directly instructed in what attitude to hold about any particular matter under consideration. Instead, the organization supplies important respectability for a point of view — no matter how harmful it may be. Ambitious politicians, journalists, professors, corporate executives and others promptly follow the lead set for them — sometimes without ever knowing whose attitude they are repeating. In this way, an agenda is indeed set and followed.

Frequently, a slight variation on a particular theme will become an approved topic for discussion. But the choices left for anyone who wishes to retain favor with the Establishment fall within carefully drawn limits. Alternatives falling outside these guidelines are resoundingly scorned and ridiculed. (Examples: Discussion about increasing or decreasing our nation's funding for either the United Nations or a variety of foreign aid programs is tolerated. But anyone who contends that our nation ought to terminate its membership in the anti-American UN, or who believes that a nation compiling huge deficits year after year should end all foreign giveaway programs, jeopardizes his or her reputation and favored position.)

Those who allow themselves to be influenced by the CFR and like-minded organizations can now be counted on to: support the bloody-handed Mikhail Gorbachev with enthusiasm; applaud the new governments in Eastern Europe while studiously ignoring their continued domination by communists and militant socialists; champion new and increased programs of foreign aid; work for deepening the commitment of our nation to a host of international entanglements; submit to the radical demands of environmentalists who will never be satisfied until U.S. industry is either nationalized or shut down; and work for the undermining of any world leader who does not already submit to the "new world order" being built by CFR members and their partners in other nations.

## The Shadows of Power

A thoroughly enlightening history of the Council on Foreign Relations and its responsibility for America's decline is available in James Perloff's blockbuster book, *The Shadows of Power*. Unlike

some other authors who have attempted to warn the American people about the pervasive and destructive power of the CFR, Mr. Perloff took the time to read the organization's publications from its inception in 1921. The evidence he supplies is taken from the CFR itself. His conclusion that the organization is a major participant in a conspiracy that is using the power of the U.S. government and the wealth of the American people to build a socialistic one-world tyranny is both plausible and compelling.

Mr. Perloff is careful to point out that only some CFR members are completely committed to the sinister goals of the conspiracy he describes. He believes, as does The John Birch Society, that there are hundreds of CFR members, and many thousands of others, who seek self-promotion only and do not stop to think about the consequences their actions will bring to their nation and their fellow Americans. Should the full truth about the Council on Foreign Relations become widely known, the organization's powerful influence will be shattered.

You can help to expose and put an end to the CFR's domination of our nation by reading and distributing *The Shadows of Power*, and by examining and then participating in the programs of The John Birch Society. Unless a great many more patriotic Americans become better informed and begin to take an active role in the shaping of our nation's policies, the freedoms we have taken for granted will disappear, and an all-powerful government based in Washington D.C. — not in Moscow, Peking or anywhere else — will rule this land in tyrannical fashion. No sane individual wants this for himself or his children. The time to get involved is now.

## The John Birch Society

In December 1958, a small group of Americans formed a pro-American, anti-communist educational organization. Led by Robert Welch, a Massachusetts-based businessman, they named their endeavor for Captain John Birch, the remarkable missionary-turned-soldier who served with such valor with U.S. forces during World War II. The cold-blooded murder of Captain Birch by Chinese communists in 1945 earned him the distinction of being the first casualty of the Cold War.

The John Birch Society has always sought to create awareness about the marvelous system of government given us by our nation's founders, and about the forces both within and without America who would change and destroy it. Never a "political" organization supporting or endorsing candidates, the Society seeks to inform the public about current events, history, economics, and the workings of a free society. We believe that arming good citizens with accurate information is the proper and effective way to insure good government.

Our beliefs and our goals are summarized in the motto, "Less government, more responsibility, and with God's help, a better world." We seek to accomplish these ends through a program where education is our total strategy and truth our only weapon.

On behalf of tens of thousands of dedicated members throughout the United States, we extend a cordial invitation to all Americans to investigate our work.

To: The John Birch Society, P.O. Box 8040,  
Appleton, WI 54913

Please send the following:

- The Shadows of Power* (\$10.95 per copy, plus \$2.00 postage and handling).
- The JBS Introductory Packet (\$5.00).
- Please send additional copies of this pamphlet (25 for \$5.00; 100 for \$12.00; plus \$2.00 postage and handling).
- I would like someone to contact me.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

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## Americans Have A Right to Know

about the  
Council on Foreign Relations

by John F. McManus

Suppose a single, privately-run organization made up of only 2,556 persons could boast that 348 of its members were U.S. government officials? Wouldn't you want to know about it?

Suppose that same organization's members dominated our nation's mass media, banks, multinational corporations, colleges and universities, even the military? Why haven't you and millions of other Americans been made aware of it?

And suppose the members of this small but extremely influential group were responsible for a parade of foreign policy disasters in China, Korea, Vietnam, Nicaragua, Panama, Cuba and Africa? Wouldn't you want to know who these individuals are and what their agenda for the 1990s might be?

This pamphlet will introduce you to the **Council on Foreign Relations**, the little-known New York City-based organization that is the seat of the liberal Eastern Establishment.

## They Want One-World Socialism

It was a disappointed but determined group of diplomats from the United States and England who gathered at the Majestic Hotel in Paris on June 17, 1919. They were disappointed because the U.S. Senate had turned thumbs down on America's entry into the world government organization called the League of Nations. But they remained determined to scrap the sovereignty of their nations, and all nations, in favor of a one-world socialist system.

The leader of the U.S. contingent at this conference was President Woodrow Wilson's top advisor, Edward Mandell House. In his 1912 book, *Philip Dru: Administrator*, House laid out a plan for radically altering the American system in what he boldly termed a "conspiracy." His stated goal: "Socialism as dreamed of by Karl Marx."

Out of the Paris gathering came the British Royal Institute for International Affairs and the American Council on Foreign Relations. With Rockefeller and Carnegie money backing it, the

CFR began to attract influential Americans who used their stature to work for the one-world socialist goal. In 1939, the CFR established a formal relationship with the U.S. State Department that has grown to near-absolute dominance. Practically every Secretary of State since World War II in both Democrat and Republican administrations has held membership in the CFR.

### Same Goal As World Communism

The CFR's quarterly journal, *Foreign Affairs*, brazenly called for "world government" at the expense of the independence of our nation as far back as December 1922. Repeatedly airing this subversive goal, *Foreign Affairs* published its most explicit yearning for the destruction of an independent United States in a 1974 article entitled "The Hard Road To World Order." It boldly advocated "an end run around national sovereignty eroding it piece by piece." Hundreds of CFR members holding high government posts requiring their swearing an oath to support the Constitution of the United States should have immediately resigned from the CFR. None did. Sadly, none were asked to do so by their superiors. The erosion of our nation's Constitution and the slide toward a socialistic world government continued.

Though the route taken to reach it may differ to a degree, the goal of the CFR has always coincided with the goal of world communism. It is hardly surprising therefore, to note that CFR members have been responsible for the parade of foreign policy defeats for our nation, each of which advanced communist progress. If you have ever wondered why the U.S. has been losing while the communist world steadily advanced, consider the role of CFR members in the following turning points of recent history.

It was CFR members Owen Lattimore and Dean Acheson who engineered the betrayal of Chiang Kai-shek and the takeover of China by communists.

CFR members Dean Acheson and Dean Rusk arranged for the no-win, undeclared war in Korea, the removal of General MacArthur, and the establishment of Red China as the military power in Asia.

CFR members John Foster Dulles and Allen

Dulles, serving in top posts in the administration of CFR member Dwight Eisenhower, betrayed the Hungarian Freedom Fighters and knowingly brought communist Fidel Castro to power in Cuba.

CFR members McGeorge Bundy, Adlai Stevenson and John J. McCloy saw to it that the Bay of Pigs invasion was a miserable failure, a huge boost for Castro, and a tremendous embarrassment for the United States.

CFR members Dean Rusk, Robert McNamara and Henry Cabot Lodge pushed the U.S. into Vietnam and then drew up rules making victory impossible. And CFR veterans Richard Nixon and Henry Kissinger continued the disastrous policies that led both to our nation's defeat and to the communist takeovers of South Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia.

It was CFR stalwarts Henry Kissinger, Ellsworth Bunker and Sol Linowitz who arranged (with Senate approval) to give away the U.S. canal in Panama, and to pay the Marxist dictatorship in that country \$400 million to take it.

Under the leadership of CFR members Zbigniew Brzezinski, Cyrus Vance, and Warren Christopher, the Carter Administration undermined strong allies in Nicaragua and Iran.

During the Reagan years, CFR members George Shultz, William J. Casey and Malcolm Baldrige saw to it that U.S. aid went to communist Poland, communist Romania, communist China, even communist USSR. At the same time, these same individuals did all they could to impede anti-communists in El Salvador; they championed the harmful sanctions inflicted on anti-communist South Africa; and after years of forcing the Nicaraguan Contras to fight with "no-win" restrictions, they capitulated to CFR members of Congress who have all but dissolved this anti-communist force.

### Bush Administration No Different

Under President George Bush, 348 CFR members (out of a total CFR membership of only 2,556) serve as U.S. government officials. Once a member of the organization's board of directors, the President remains a friend of the CFR. Longtime CFR Chairman David Rockefeller (now retired) said of George Bush in 1988: "I don't think he accomplished what he hoped [by quitting].... He has

since spoken to the Council and the Trilateral Commission and has been fully supportive of their activities. Even though he has resigned, he hasn't walked away from them."

When the Chinese communist leaders drenched Tiananmen Square with the blood of student demonstrators, CFR member Henry Kissinger led a chorus of foreign policy "experts" urging the U.S. not to apply sanctions against the Peking regime. Mr. Bush said that our relationship with China must continue even in the face of the massacre.

Within a month of the savagery in Peking, two of the highest ranking Bush Administration officials (Deputy Secretary of State Lawrence Eagleburger and National Security Advisor Brent Scowcroft — both CFR veterans) secretly journeyed to Peking to reassure the Chinese murderers that U.S.-China relations would proceed on a business-as-usual basis. And Chinese leader Deng Xiaoping accurately predicted that his use of tanks and troops against unarmed young people would soon be forgotten and the West would continue dealing with his government. He was right!

In May 1989, Mr. Bush told the graduating class at Texas A&M University that his objective, paralleling an important CFR goal, "is to welcome the Soviet Union back into the world order." Deliveries of aid to the USSR and Eastern European nations — most of whose leaders now admit only to socialism and not to its blood brother communism — have again rescued the communist world from economic collapse.

Soviet leader Gorbachev stated in his 1987 book, *Perestroika*, that his goal was not to dilute Soviet power but to "strengthen socialism." And while the Bush Administration continues to propel our own nation toward freedom-destroying socialism, our President himself tells us that "...there is no greater advocate of perestroika than the President of the United States." What he advocates is socialism. The CFR goal of a socialist world government looms ever more ominously on the horizon.

### Domination of the Mass Media

The CFR's powerful grip on our government continues. But most Americans remain completely unaware of its destructive influence.

The reason? They rely on our nation's mass media for their information. Unfortunately for them and for our nation, the CFR has achieved a frightening dominance in all areas of mass communication. The organization's own *Annual Report* notes that 271 of its members are "journalists, correspondents and communications executives."

CFR members hold publishing and editing positions at such magazines as *Newsweek*, *Time*, *U.S. News & World Report*, *Readers Digest*, *Harpers*, *National Review*, and *Insight*. They can also be found among the top officials of the *New York Times*, *Washington Post*, *Los Angeles Times*, *Wall Street Journal*, and numerous other newspapers. Top executives of ABC, CBS and NBC are CFR members. And among the on-air personalities whose names can be found on the CFR roster are Dan Rather, Tom Brokaw, David Brinkley, John Chancellor, Daniel Schorr, Bill Moyers, William F. Buckley, Jr., George Will, Jim Lehrer, Diane Sawyer, and Barbara Walters. Several of these well-known television stars have proudly indicated how heavily they rely on CFR publications for their perspective on world events.

### The CFR's Compulsory Secrecy

The Council denies repeatedly that it establishes positions on the issues affecting our nation and the world. Its spokesmen claim that the organization is merely a sounding board for important discussion. But, while defending their own membership, some CFR members have been known to protest that they don't agree "with every position taken by the Council." Obviously, even some of the group's own members believe that the organization does more than merely provide a platform for debate.

What actually goes on at CFR meetings remains a closely guarded secret. This is so because it is an express condition of membership that any disclosure of what transpires behind the CFR's closed doors constitutes grounds for termination of membership. The 16 U.S. senators and 14 U.S. representatives who belong to the CFR actually engage in secret briefings along with hundreds of other top government officials. Such a practice is hardly consistent with what most Americans believe proper for our nation's most senior elected and appointed officers.

# "A New World Order" Means World Government

by John F. McManus

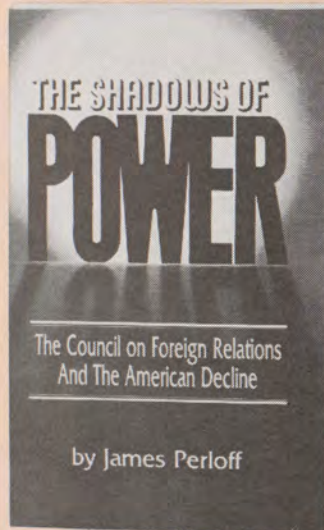




The information in John F. McManus's "A New World Order" r Means World Government clearly suggests that Americans who value freedom must become aware and must become involved. There is a great need to combat America's enemies and their programs — not on *their* terms and according to *their* designs — but with a determined campaign using carefully compiled, solidly principled, and widely disseminated information. This is precisely why the John Birch Society exists.

For more information about the Society, please order our Information Packet for \$5.00. You will receive a wide assortment of our published materials and a complete explanation of our strategy and tactics.

**The John Birch Society**  
P.O. Box 8040 ● Appleton, Wisconsin 54913



Many Americans scoff at the idea of a conspiracy to destroy this nation. *The Shadows of Power* by James Perloff suggests that they scoff at their own peril. For sheer weight of evidence, given perhaps more clearly than ever before, this account of treachery in high places is must reading. Piling fact upon fact, the author arrives at the frightening conclusion that our nation is being manipulated into a merger with the Soviet Union and a "new world order." You owe it to yourself to examine the information in this important book.

*The Shadows of Power* is available for \$10.95, plus \$2.00 postage and handling, from: The John Birch Society, P.O. Box 8040, Appleton, Wisconsin 54913.

This copyrighted article was originally published in the November 1990 issue of *The John Birch Society Bulletin*. Additional copies are available at: 1-99 copies, 3/\$1.00; 100-999 copies, \$.25 each; 1,000 or more copies, \$.20 each. Please add 15 percent (\$2.00 minimum) of the order total for postage and handling charges. Order from: The John Birch Society, P.O. Box 8040, Appleton, Wisconsin 54913.

# "A New World Order" Means World Government

by  
John F. McManus

*Out of these troubled times, our fifth objective — a new world order — can emerge.... We are now in sight of a United Nations that performs as envisioned by its founders.*

— President George Bush, September 11, 1990  
Speech to Congress and the American People

*The United Nations can help bring about a new day ... a new world order, and a long era of peace.*

— President George Bush, October 1, 1990  
Speech to the United Nations General Assembly

President George Bush is not the first to link the phrase "a new world order" to the United Nations. Where the terms have appeared in tandem, they have always been used to promote the supposed need for a world government. Yet, no matter how deftly anyone tries to dance around what it means, world government will lead to the cancellation of national sovereignty and the subjection of all individual rights and freedoms to its desires.

It is our purpose in this analysis to demonstrate that the UN's champions do indeed intend that it become an all-powerful world government. And further, that the term "a new world order" is synonymous with such a goal. Let us add at the outset that it is with a mixture of sadness and outrage that we find the President of the United States, in both word and deed, openly working toward a United Nations-directed world government.

### World Tyranny Will Result

As the successor of the post-World War I failure known as the League of Nations, the United Nations represents for its partisans the realization of a longheld dream wherein a single organization has the capability of insuring worldwide peace. Idealists, of course, expect that the peace they seek will be accompanied always and everywhere by justice. Criminals and conspirators, on the other hand, salivate at the possibility of using the organization's inherent power for their ends. And hardcore realists, who factor into the matter a knowledge of history and a study of human nature, continue to contend that concentrating in any repository the kind of power needed to insure peace is setting the stage for its certain use to create tyranny.

Nationhood is a good. While history may indeed clearly show that evil men have often turned their nations into aggressive tyrannies, none has ever succeeded in gaining control of the entire planet. As long as individual nations exist, each serves as a brake on the designs of any ambitious megalomaniac.

Does any rational person doubt that control of an all-powerful world government would attract the likes of Stalin, Mao Tse-tung, Hitler, or any of history's famous arch-criminals? Similarly, isn't control of such a world body the ultimate desire of the sophisticated Insiders of our day whose efforts create and sustain these modern tyrants?

### The Glories of Americanism

Especially do we Americans have reason to guard our nation's sovereignty. Where else besides the United States do individuals have such a remarkable heritage, their government such a

praiseworthy philosophical foundation? The noble men who launched this "greatest experiment in human liberty" began by proclaiming in the Declaration of Independence that "Men ... are endowed by their Creator" with rights. They further stated that any government they created could exist only to "secure these Rights."

After victory in the War for Independence, another assemblage of wise and farseeing early Americans hammered out the marvelous U.S. Constitution that both created and strictly limited a government. Its carefully delineated checks and balances were totally consistent with the thunderous truths stated in the Declaration. When they finished, it was all there, everything that men had been striving for since the dawn of civilization: Recognition of God from Whom each of us gets rights, and a government limited by law merely to protecting those rights.

Surrender these magnificent underpinnings to the godless United Nations? Trade our much-abused but still-existing Constitution for a world government that has no trouble welcoming into its midst communist murders, socialist thieves, and an array of despicable minor tyrants? Place the well-being of our nation and the safety of the American people under the rule of an organization whose members make no bones about hating our system of government and coveting the successes it has spawned?

As Patrick Henry once responded to the peace-at-any-price grovellers of his day, "Forbid it Almighty God!" No one worthy of the name "American" can allow the completion of the plans that have been worked out for this nation. Yet, it is all too true that our nation is swarming with individuals who are implementing



**"At this very moment, [Americans] serve together with Arabs, Europeans, Asians, and Africans in defense of principle and the dream of a new world order"**  
— George Bush, addressing a joint session of Congress, Sept. 11, 1990

**"...further world progress is only possible through a search for universal human consensus as we move forward to a new world order."**  
— Mikhail Gorbachev, addressing the U.N., Dec. 1988

those plans. And, sad to say, so too are the halls of government.

### The United Nations Means World Government

It is difficult to find direct admissions by UN founders of their desire to use the organization to create an all-powerful one-world government. Had the full intent of the UN's founders been openly stated and sufficiently publicized, it is certain that enough U.S. Senators would have followed their predecessors, who rejected

U.S. entry into the League of Nations in 1919, by turning thumbs down on the UN. However, with the horrors of another world war so fresh in everyone's mind, with propaganda for "peace" so intense, and with virtually no admissions by UN proponents of their real goal, only two senators voted against U.S. entry into the world organization.

One of the two, Republican Senator William L. Langer of North Dakota, told his colleagues that he could not support the UN Charter because of his belief that





UN's founding conference in San Francisco: From the beginning, the world body was intended to be the formal framework for world government.

"it is fraught with danger to the American people, and to American institutions." (The other opponent of U.S. entry was Republican Senator Henrik Shipstead of Minnesota.)

As the years rolled by, proponents who had been touting the organization's "limited" role began to support its all-encompassing purpose. Those who had previously wanted merely to have the organization "evolve" into a world government became more forthright about their ultimate desires. In 1949, UN supporter Dr. Milton Eisenhower stated his opinion that member nations had *in principle* committed themselves to

sacrificing their sovereignty. He added that their actions actually constituted "a considerable advance in our progress toward effective and orderly world government." His intentions were clear.

Another UN supporter, future Secretary of State John Foster Dulles, noted in his 1950 book *War and Peace* that the organization represented "not a final stage in the development of world order, but only a primitive stage." His ultimate desire regarding the UN was also clear.

In 1952, the United Nations Educational, Cultural and Scientific Organization (UNESCO) received well-deserved criticism for its blatant promotion of world

government. Springing to UNESCO's defense, the far-left *Saturday Review* revealingly editorialized: "If UNESCO is attacked on the grounds that it is helping to prepare the world's peoples for world government, then it is an error to burst forth with apologetic statements and denials.... When faced with such a 'charge,' let us by all means affirm it from the housetops."

### The UN's Founders

The full goal of the United Nations can also be discovered from the backgrounds and associations of its founders. No one should ever discount the pivotal role played at the UN's founding by communist traitor Alger Hiss. Despite solid evidence presented to his superiors by the FBI that showed him to have been a communist as early as 1939, Hiss rose to become the acting director of the State Department's Office of Special Political Affairs in 1944. In that post, he was placed in charge of all postwar planning for our government, including planning for the creation of the United Nations.

In 1944, Hiss functioned as the executive secretary of the Dumbarton Oaks conference where practically all of the critical decisions about the forthcoming United Nations were made. At the UN's founding conference in San Francisco in 1945, he served as acting secretary-general and as an important member of the steering and executive committees charged with writing the Charter. He was, of course, loyal to communism during this period, not to the nation of his birth.

Hiss did not act alone. Soviet official Andrei Gromyko worked diligently on the project along with his openly communist comrades. Hiss was also aided

by 15 others in the U.S. delegation who were later identified in sworn testimony before official government agencies as secret communist agents. Their names and details about their "contributions" are given in G. Edward Griffin's superb 1964 study of the UN entitled *The Fearful Master*.

It has never been a secret that the long-range goal of every communist has always been a communist-led world government. Josef Stalin's *Marxism and the National Question* (1942) called for dividing the world into regional groupings as a prelude to eventual world government. The official program of the 1936 Communist International called for "a world union of Socialist Soviet Republics." U.S. Communist Party leader William Z. Foster wrote in his 1932 book *Toward Soviet America*, "The American Soviet government will be an important section in this world government."

Consistent with this fundamental communist goal, communists everywhere were championing the formation of the Hiss-created United Nations. U.S. Communist Party leader Earl Browder wrote in his *Victory and After*: "The American Communists worked energetically and tirelessly to lay the foundations for the United Nations, which we were sure would come into existence."

A September 1945 communist-produced pamphlet entitled "The United Nations" gave several reasons why all communists should support the UN. Its fourth and major reason stated: "The UN will eventually bring about the amalgamation of all nations into a single Soviet system." Many more statements reflecting communist enthusiasm for the UN could be added here.

It is, therefore, beyond question that

# American Blood for Mideast Oil?

## Hold on a minute!

### Background to Present Crisis

- Federal policies continue to make America hostage to foreign oil. U.S. dependence on imported oil reaches 50 percent, up from only 29 percent at the height of the 1973 energy crisis.
- A ruthless Iraqi dictator named Saddam Hussein unleashes his troops to seize the small, oil-rich kingdom of Kuwait. Oil prices in the United States rise overnight.
- Insisting that Iraq's action can change "our way of life," President Bush launches the largest deployment of U.S. military forces since the Vietnam War.
- A European official at NATO headquarters in Belgium announces delightedly that "only the United States can play the role of a global policeman."
- America's military might is committed to enforce United Nations-imposed sanctions against Iraq.
- Pressure from internationalists grows for placing all authority to deal with Iraq — or with any similar crisis — in a strengthened United Nations.



### Put America First!

- American blood should not be used to guarantee oil shipments for anyone, especially Japanese and Western Europeans who are far more dependent on Middle East oil than Americans. There is no authorization in the U.S. Constitution for our nation to be a global policeman.
- American policy regarding this and any other crisis should be formulated and carried out in the interests of a sovereign United States of America. It should not be subjected to the dictates of the United Nations, NATO, any other multinational group, or any other nation.
- President Bush and the Congress should not be allowed to use the current muscle-flexing in the Middle East to deflect attention from massive federal deficits and their plans to increase taxes.

### Develop Our Abundant Energy Resources!

- Cancel President Bush's arbitrary ten-year ban on offshore oil and natural gas leasing.
- Permit development of the locked-up Alaska wilderness to obtain its known energy and mineral treasures.
- Remove many of the costly and unnecessary restrictions inhibiting the use of nuclear power to generate electricity.
- Abolish the Department of Energy that spends billions each year encumbering energy production.
- Instead of upgrading the Environmental Protection Agency to cabinet status, abolish it and reestablish sensible concern for the environment at state and local levels.

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# The Great Seal

The term "new world order," favored by President Bush today and by numerous others throughout many years, is a loose translation of the Latin phrase *Novus ordo seclorum*. (A literal translation would produce "new order of the ages." And a Latin purist would spell its third word "saeculorum" instead of what appears.)

The phrase would hardly be known except that it is incorporated in the reverse side of the Great Seal of the United States. And both the front and the reverse sides of the Seal have been printed on the back of every one dollar bill in our nation since 1935.

The John Birch Society has long held that the conspiracy of the Illuminati, founded by Adam Weishaupt in Bavaria on May 1, 1776, is an antecedent of the modern Insider conspiracy warring against civilization today. Weishaupt and his followers set out to rule the world and definitely employed the familiar all-seeing eye as the symbol of their ambitious and evil undertaking. It is also widely believed, though not completely demonstrated, that the Illuminati also employed the phrase *Novus ordo seclorum* both to signal their presence and describe their goal.

That the Illuminati were active in our



nation during its earliest years cannot be denied. George Washington is only one of several who warned of this conspiracy's pernicious influence. Of interest here, however, is how these symbols and phrases wound up on our nation's Great Seal, and then on our most widely used denomination of currency.

The Seal itself was completed in 1782 after having been commissioned by the Continental Congress in 1776. The best sources of information about its origins are a two-volume study written by C.A.L. Totten in 1882 and a 1909 State Department publication, *The History of the Seal of the United States*, authored by Gaillard Hunt.

The familiar front side displaying the eagle with a shield has been widely used



and generally revered by Americans. The reverse side has always conveyed occult origins and has usually been shunned by the few who have learned of its existence. Though both sides do appear in the windows of the U.S. Capitol's Prayer Room, the reverse was rarely seen until it showed up on all of our nation's one dollar bills in 1935.

Arthur Schlesinger's 1958 book, *The Coming of the New Deal*, spends several pages describing Henry A. Wallace's fascination with the occult. A prominent member of the New Deal, Wallace served as Secretary of Agriculture from 1933-1941 and as Vice President from 1941-1945. In 1948, he was the presidential candidate of the Progressive Party, a

thinly disguised political front for communism.

A pertinent passage in Schlesinger's book stated:

Though he remained non-committal about the extent of his own belief [in the power of the occult], Wallace did induce the Secretary of the Treasury to put the Great Pyramid on the new dollar bill in 1935. He sold this to Secretary Morgenthau on the prosaic ground that *Novus ordo* was Latin for New Deal, and for many years afterward Morgenthau was beset by people who assumed that the appearance of the Great Pyramid on the currency signified his own attachment to some esoteric fellowship.

It is obvious that portions of the Great Seal, with all its esoteric symbols and phraseology, were deliberately constructed by some person or persons whose affinity for the occult parallels that of conspirators for at least the past three centuries

— J.F.M.

communists viewed the United Nations as a world government in-the-making, although they expected it would be their world government once it was made. It is also beyond question that anyone interested in preserving independence for our nation and the retention of God-

given rights for ourselves should have nothing to do with the organization.

And this is exactly what numerous once-deceived Americans began to conclude when the organization began to function. Although he had voted for U.S. entry into the UN, Democratic Senator

Patrick McCarran of Nevada later stated: "Until my dying day, I will regret signing the UN Charter." Similarly, Ohio Republican Senator Robert Taft, who had also voted affirmatively for U.S. membership, proclaimed: "The United Nations has become a trap. Let's go it

alone!"

By 1971, Republican Senator Barry Goldwater of Arizona, who was not a member of the Senate at the time of the vote regarding U.S. membership, had seen through the pro-UN propaganda. He urged:

...the time has come to recognize the United Nations for the anti-American, anti-freedom organization that it has become. The time has come for us to cut off all financial help, withdraw as a member, and ask the United Nations to find a headquarters outside the United States that is more in keeping with the philosophy of the majority of voting members, someplace like Moscow or Peking.

### **There Is a Conspiracy Above Communism**

Congress should act to get our nation out of the United Nations because the organization is fundamentally subversive of America's founding principles. We should quit the UN because it was conceived and created by communists for communist purposes. But there is more about the continued promotion of the UN. It helps to explain President Bush's frightening commitment to the organization.

World government has been the longtime goal, not only of every communist who has ever lived, but also of powerful individuals in the West, especially in the United States. Their efforts in and out of government have kept communism alive throughout practically all of the 20th Century. Non-communist promoters of world government have actually sought to frighten the world's free peoples into believing that a world government is their only recourse in the face of communist tyranny.

A large percentage of these highly placed individuals can be found as members of the Council on Foreign Relations, the private organization in New

York City that has worked diligently for the creation of a world government since its inception in 1921. In 1975, Admiral Chester Ward, a former Judge Advocate General of the U.S. Navy who held membership in the CFR for close to 20 years, publicly aired his severe criticism of the group. In a book he co-authored entitled *Kissinger On the Couch*, he concluded that the goal of the CFR is the "submergence of U.S. sovereignty and national independence into an all-powerful one-world government." His observation squares emphatically with that of many students of the CFR's type of subversion. And it is clearly consistent with the CFR's unshakable enthusiasm for the UN.

In his carefully researched 1981 book entitled *The United Nations Conspiracy*, Robert W. Lee detailed CFR involvement in all phases of the UN's life and activity. He added an Appendix to his study that named 43 members of the U.S. delegation to the UN's founding conference at San Francisco "who were, had been, or would later become members of the Council on Foreign Relations." There were more CFR members than communists in the American delegation at the birth of the UN.

Part of the evidence that brought Admiral Ward to issue his ringing indictment had to be his familiarity with the CFR's publications. In 1959, the organization issued *Study No. 7, Basic Aims of U.S. Foreign Policy* that called for the U.S. to "build a new international order" and to "maintain and gradually increase the authority of the U.N."

In no way did the attitude of the CFR ever differ from repeated communist support for the UN, except the question of who might end up controlling the

organization once world government had been established. Here were hundreds of non-communist U.S. officials, foundation administrators, media luminaries, and business executives holding membership in an organization that was calling for an end to U.S. sovereignty in favor of a world government. Many of these individuals also supported U.S. aid to communist governments.

Far from being duped by communists, the members of the CFR were doing the duping. In a 1962 study entitled "A World Effectively Controlled by the United Nations," CFR member Lincoln P. Bloomfield explained why U.S. agencies had consistently aided world communism. He wrote: "...if the communist dynamic was greatly abated, the west might lose whatever incentive it has for world government."

This study was actually financed both by the State Department led by CFR member Dean Rusk and by the Defense Department led by CFR member Robert S. McNamara. If the whole dirty business isn't evidence of a conspiracy above communism, what could it be? (A thorough history of the Council on Foreign Relations is available in James Perloff's 1988 book, *The Shadows of Power*. This important book contains a listing of the CFR membership.)

At the very time the Rusk-led State Department was financing the revealing Bloomfield study, it issued the infamous State Department Document No. 7277 entitled "Freedom From War: The U.S. Program For General and Complete Disarmament in a Peaceful World." Its 19 pages spelled out a three-step plan for simultaneously disarming all nations and arming the United Nations. The various steps it contains lead to the final stage

"where no state would have the military power to challenge the progressively strengthened U.N. Peace Force." As one analyst noted, it was one, two, three, and kiss the United States goodbye.

The horror in this proposal is that it continues to be implemented, though under slightly altered directives that have superseded 7277 but contain the same deadly plans. All nations are supposed to disarm in stages, while building up a UN force to settle all of the world's problems. Once a UN force was all-powerful, of course, there would be no way to check the way the UN used it.

### **CFR Members Openly Call For "A New World Order"**

In 1972, former CFR member Richard Nixon was serving as our nation's President. Like numerous predecessors, he had filled his administration with CFR members. During his famous journey to Communist China, his toast to the bloody-handed Chou En-lai included "the hope that each of us has to build a new world order." That hope was helped toward fulfillment by the appointment of George Bush as U.S. Ambassador to the UN. Mr. Bush contributed significantly to making the UN more consistently pro-tyranny by acquiescing in the expulsion of Free China and welcoming to membership the murderous Red Chinese regime. It is hardly surprising that Mr. Bush was himself welcomed into CFR membership in 1971.

In 1974, the CFR journal *Foreign Affairs* published CFR member Richard N. Gardner's "The Hard Road To World Order." In it, the former State Department official openly called for creation of "the house of world order" by means of a none-too-subtle "end run around national

sovereignty, eroding it piece by piece." His treasonous proposal elicited no known protest from any CFR member, including none from George Bush. Gardner listed a variety of new ways to circumvent U.S. sovereignty. His goal remained world government.

In August 1975, CFR member James Reston used his space in the *New York Times* to urge President Ford and Soviet dictator Brezhnev to "forget the past and work together for a new world order." Two months later, the World Affairs Council of Philadelphia, an organization whose goals have always paralleled those of the CFR, began promoting its Declaration of INTERdependence. Seeking the creation of "a new world order" as a substitute for our 200-year-old nation, the document called upon "all nations to strengthen and sustain the United Nations." More than 100 congressmen and senators endorsed this notorious proposal before alert John Birch Society members brought its treasonous thrust to public attention. Happily, it gained no new adherents.

Until the past year, calls for "a new world order" were relatively rare. Whenever the phrase was used in the past, its use in conjunction with a parallel call for world government was clear. Today, the phrase is in common use. Sad to say, as it was used in President Bush's recent speeches with which we began this analysis, "a new world order" still means world government, and Mr. Bush wants its seat to be the United Nations.

#### **What "World Government" Will Mean For Mankind**

On February 17, 1950, CFR member James P. Warburg boldly told a U.S. Senate Committee, "We shall have world

government, whether or not we like it ... by consent or by conquest."

With another CFR member named Norman Cousins, Warburg launched the world-government-promoting United World Federalists in 1947. (The organization is now known as the World Federalist Association.) Its main objective has always been to create full UN control of world affairs, including an all-powerful UN "peace force," an unchallengeable UN World Court, and a world income tax to finance the world body.

On December 4, 1985, the Human Rights and International Organizations Subcommittee of the U.S. House Foreign Affairs Committee held hearings on the subject of the United Nations. Testimony was provided by John Logue, a vice president of the WFA. Following the self-serving custom of referring to himself and likeminded advocates of world government as "peace people," Logue stated in part:

Peace people — and all people — must see that if we really want to stop the arms race we must have effective world political institutions.... Yes, peace people must stop patronizing the people of the world. It is time to tell the world's people not what they want to hear, but what they ought to hear. What they ought to hear is that if we really want to have peace and promote justice, we must reform, restructure and strengthen the United Nations and give it the power and authority and funds to keep the peace and promote justice. The Security Council veto must go. One-nation, one-vote must go. The United Nations must have

taxing power or some other dependable source of revenue. It must have a large peacekeeping force. It must be able to supervise the dismantling and destruction of nuclear and other major weapons systems. In appropriate areas, particularly in the area of peace and security, it must be able to make and enforce law on the individual.

A United Nations with the power to enforce peace? With power to tax? With power to "make and enforce law on the individual"? How long would it take such an organization to destroy completely every aspect of the American system?

John Logue is only one of many residing in this nation (I refuse to call them Americans!) who advocates such a nightmare. He, at least, forthrightly outlines his desires. Most disguise their intentions with pleasant-sounding rhetoric.

If we add it all up, the consequences of world government will include the following:

1. A forced redistribution of the world's wealth that will not improve the standard of living for other nations as it drags America down to Third World level.

2. Strict regimentation will become commonplace. There will no longer be freedom of movement, freedom of worship, private property rights, the right to publish, etc.

3. Our once-glorious land of opportunity will be transformed into another socialistic swamp where no amount of effort will produce a just reward. Productivity will accordingly be sharply reduced.

4. World order will be enforced in

much the same way that agents of totalitarian regimes have ruled various nations — only it will likely be even worse as the enforcers will be foreigners working for the world organization.

This is hardly the kind of world that anyone should have to endure. And it is surely not the kind of existence that present-day Americans, who have enjoyed more freedom at less cost to themselves than anyone in history, should leave for their children.

#### **Here's Where We Are**

In summary, the President of the United States is using the tremendous power of his office to undo the American dream. He is doing so actively, openly and intensely. His commitment of U.S. troops to the Middle East and his eager placement of their well-being under UN direction constitute specific steps toward his horrifying objective. His fawning chumminess with Soviet dictator Gorbachev and their openly expressed and shared desire for "a new world order" indicate the identical path each is following.

Standing in the way of accomplishing the longstanding goal of this obvious conspiracy are not only members of the John Birch Society but also tens of millions of uninformed and misinformed Americans who must be rescued from the fog into which they have been led. Bringing the hard truth to Americans about our President's betrayal — and the cooperation in that betrayal by many allies in the Congress and various federal offices — simply must be done. We must inform many Americans and, in the process, enlist a decent percentage of them in the fight to expose this conspiracy and rout the conspirators.

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# American Blood for a “New World Order”?

by  
Gary Benoit

*Patriotism means to stand by the country.*

*It does not mean to stand by the President or any other public official save exactly to the degree in which he himself stands by the country.*

*It is patriotic to support him insofar as he efficiently serves the country. It is unpatriotic not to oppose him to the exact extent that by inefficiency or otherwise he fails in his duty to stand by the country.*

— Theodore Roosevelt

Hundreds of thousands of American men and women have been placed in harm's way in the Middle East. Why did President Bush send them there? Are Mr. Bush's objectives in the Middle East worth fighting and dying for? Are his announced objectives his real objectives?

Questioning the policies of the President is tough when American lives are on the line. Nevertheless, these questions must be asked. Americans cannot support their military forces by blindly supporting the President whenever he sends them off to some faraway land. If the President is right, Americans have a patriotic duty to stand by him. But if the President is wrong, patriotism requires that we work to reverse his decisions *immediately* — before even one life is lost in combat.

Under the U.S. Constitution, the purpose of our military is to defend the United States and its citizens — period! It is not to police the world, either unilaterally or as part of a multilateral or international police force. Nor is it to prop up or topple other governments, unless it can be shown that such actions are necessary to protect the United States.

Tragically, Mr. Bush's objectives in the Persian Gulf do not fit these criteria. Even worse, most of his objectives appear to be nothing more than window dressing for the "new world order" that he is working so feverishly to construct.

### Excuses Made of Straw

On August 8, 1990, Mr. Bush addressed the nation from the Oval Office about his decision to send troops to Saudi Arabia. He explained that "four simple principles" guided his policy:

First, we seek the immediate, unconditional and complete withdrawal of all Iraqi forces from Kuwait.

Second, Kuwait's legitimate government must be restored to replace the puppet regime.

And third, my administration ... is committed to the security and stability of the Persian Gulf.

And fourth, I am determined to protect the lives of American citizens abroad.

Each of these principles is examined below.

**Getting Iraq out of Kuwait:** Why should the United States involve itself in this Arab-Arab conflict? The United States did not send troops to get the Soviet Union out of Afghanistan, or China out of Tibet. Saddam

Hussein is clearly a tyrant, but the United States does not and should not intervene every time one dictatorial government topples another. Why Kuwait?

During the Iran-Iraq war, Kuwait was an ally of Iraq. By providing U.S. naval vessels to escort U.S.-flagged Kuwaiti oil tankers in the Persian Gulf, President Ronald Reagan actually tilted U.S. policy toward the Iraqi side of that conflict. Mr. Reagan's decision also tilted U.S. policy toward Soviet interests in the region, Iraq being a Soviet client state. And all of this happened *after* an Iraqi missile fired into the U.S.S. *Stark* killed 37 American sailors!

In spite of Hussein's well-known crimes against his own people, the Bush Administration did not view him as an "enemy" until he invaded Kuwait. On July 25, 1990 — just one week before the invasion — U.S. Ambassador to Iraq April Glaspie informed Hussein that "we have no opinion on the Arab-Arab conflicts, like your border disagreement with Kuwait." She added that she had been directed to "emphasize this instruction" by Secretary of State James Baker.

No wonder even *Newsweek* concluded in its October 1, 1990 issue, "George Bush may be full of resolution now, but before the invasion the signals sent to Saddam by his administration were, at best, mixed. At worst, it can be argued, Saddam was

given a green light to gobble up his oil-rich neighbor." Moreover: "It seems incredible, given his postinvasion comparisons of the Iraqi dictator to Hitler, but as recently as last July, George Bush regarded Saddam as a potential force for stability in the Middle East."

**Restoring Kuwait's legitimate government:** Why is it in the interest of the United States to restore the former government? The answer cannot be to restore freedom to Kuwait, since the people of Kuwait did not enjoy freedom under the Emir's regime. Mr. Bush seeks to return to power a dictatorial Emir who dissolved the Kuwaiti National Assembly in 1986.

Even if Mr. Bush truly intended to bring freedom to Kuwait, there are plenty of other countries badly in need of freedom that are located much closer to home. Cuba, for instance, is only 90 miles from our shores. And it is only U.S. willingness to ignore Soviet aid to Cuba that has kept Castro in power for 30 years.

**Assuring the security and stability of the Persian Gulf:** What stability? The Middle East has been one of the most turbulent areas on earth for decades. But even if Hussein were allowed to occupy Kuwait unchallenged, would he not usher in his own brand of stability? The oil that he controls cannot do him any good unless he is able to sell it. It was the sanctions against Iraq — not Hussein's naked aggression — that temporarily reduced oil supplies and caused oil prices to rise.

According to Mr. Bush, American troops were sent to Saudi Arabia to

assist that government "in the defense of its homeland." But if Saddam were interested in extending his hegemony beyond Kuwait, shouldn't the other countries in the region take actions to stop him? How about Iran, Turkey, Syria, and Egypt? How about Israel? And how about Japan and Western European countries — nations far more dependent on Middle East oil than is the United States?

Nevertheless, it was never clear that Hussein intended to attack Saudi Arabia in the first place. If he did want to capture the Saudi oil fields, he would most likely have attacked Saudi Arabia and Kuwait in a single operation so as not to outrage the world twice.

Mr. Bush would have us believe that the United States has a vested interest in stabilizing the situation in the Middle East because of its dangerous dependence on foreign oil. "Our country now imports nearly half the oil it consumes and could face a major threat to its economic independence," Mr. Bush lamented in his August 8th address.

However, America need not be so heavily dependent on imported oil. America has abundant energy resources of her own, not just fossil fuels but also nuclear power. These resources have not been effectively tapped because the government has restricted development. For example:

- On June 26, 1990 — less than two months prior to the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait — Mr. Bush deferred until the year 2000 oil and gas development in the waters off these coastlines: 99 percent of California, all of Washington and Oregon, all of

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New England from Rhode Island north, and Southwest Florida. The President even called for buying back 73 already-sold leases off the coast of California at a cost of up to \$200 million. For all practical purposes, further development of off-shore oil and gas resources off our own coasts is now dead in the water.

• Vast areas of Alaska are also closed to development. The Interior Department estimates that one such area — the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge — contains recoverable resources of as many as 9.2 billion barrels of oil. The American Petroleum Institute says that this amount

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**What further proof is needed of Mr. Bush's internationalist mindset than the fact that he went to the Security Council of the United Nations — not the U.S. Congress — for the authority to go to war?**

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of oil puts it “on a par with Alaska’s Prudhoe Bay — the largest U.S. oil find ever.”

• Because of misinformation and lack of information about nuclear power, the construction of any new nuclear power plants in this country has become a virtual impossibility. Since 1974, every order placed for a new nuclear generating unit has been either canceled or rejected. No new orders have been placed since 1978. In 1989, 14 nations produced a higher percentage of their electricity by splitting the atom than did the technologically more advanced United States.

U.S. governmental policies under both Republican and Democratic administrations have made America a virtual hostage to foreign oil. American entrepreneurs will be able to break this dangerous dependency only when the government stops strangling our free-enterprise system. By moving toward energy independence, America can also preserve its political independence.

**Protecting American lives:** This is a constitutional function of the U.S. government. Yet, the hostage situation could not have justified Mr. Bush’s decision to deploy troops, because any Americans held against their will were not taken as hostages until after American troops arrived.

Of course, even in a shooting war, Hussein’s hostage-taking would be a heinous crime, since the men, women, and children he held as “human shields” were noncombatants. Nevertheless, the question remains: Would America ever have faced a hostage problem if Mr. Bush did not inject our country into the conflict? America had a responsibility to get its hostages out, through military force if necessary. But U.S. troops were not deployed for that purpose, and they are not there for that purpose now.

#### **Straining for More Excuses**

When Mr. Bush sent U.S. troops to Saudi Arabia, their military objective was to draw a “line in the sand” in order to defend Saudi Arabia from possible attack. “The mission of our troops is wholly defensive,” Mr. Bush emphasized in his August 8, 1990 address to the

American people. “They will not initiate hostilities, but they will defend themselves, the kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and other friends in the Persian Gulf.”

Later of course, Mr. Bush beefed up U.S. forces so that they would be much better suited for *offensive* operations. Mr. Bush even campaigned hard for a UN resolution authorizing the expulsion of Iraq from Kuwait should Iraq not withdraw by January 15th.

Months after Mr. Bush’s August 8th speech, the Administration came up with new excuses for deploying hundreds of thousands of U.S. troops. Apparently too many Americans were failing to buy the old excuses, so new ones were offered in an attempt to convince Americans that the President’s Persian Gulf policy was sound.

At times, it appeared as if the Administration was straining in order to come up with any excuse that would enjoy popular support. On November 13, 1990, Secretary of State James Baker claimed that U.S. jobs were at stake in the Gulf. “The economic lifeline of the industrial world runs from the gulf and we cannot permit a dictator such as this to sit astride that economic lifeline,” he told reporters. “To bring it down to the level of the average American citizen, let me say that means jobs. If you want to sum it up in one word, it’s jobs.”

Later that month, Mr. Bush journeyed to Saudi Arabia to spend Thanksgiving with our troops in the field. He used the occasion to warn that Hussein might be able to de-

velop a nuclear device much sooner than had been estimated. “Those who would measure the timetable for Saddam’s atomic program in years may be seriously underestimating the reality of that situation,” he said. Of all the excuses offered by Mr. Bush, this is the only one that seemed persuasive to most Americans.

If Iraq’s potential nuclear threat was the reason for Mr. Bush’s massive deployment of troops, why didn’t he say so from the very beginning? Why wasn’t it one of the four principles that he cited in his August 8th speech? The truth of the matter is that, even though Hussein wants to develop a nuclear arsenal, this threat is not imminent. At the present time, Iraq does not have the facilities for producing weapons-grade uranium. “You can’t bomb their enrichment or weapons-fabrication plants, because they don’t exist,” said one intelligence official quoted by *Time* magazine.

But if Iraq’s potential nuclear threat is indeed the reason for all of the troop deployment, what about a real nuclear threat from the USSR or China? What about a potential threat from India or Pakistan?

#### **The Real Objective**

If all the above excuses are phony, then why is Mr. Bush so willing to go to war? Why would he be willing to uproot hundreds of thousands of men and women from their families, spend billions of dollars of taxpayers’ money, and perhaps even sacrifice thousands of American lives? What does he *really* hope to accomplish?

Mr. Bush himself provided the

real reason in a subsequent speech before a joint session of Congress on September 11, 1990. On that occasion, he reiterated the four principles he cited on August 8th, but he also added a new slant: "Out of these troubled times, our fifth objective — a new world order — can emerge.... We are now in sight of a United Nations that performs as envisioned by its founders." Creating a "new world order" under the United Nations, not protecting the United States of America, explains why Mr. Bush sent hundreds of thousands of troops to the Middle East.

There is no doubt that U.S. forces have been sent to Kuwait to enforce UN sanctions. Although our forces have not been formally placed under UN command, it is not an overstatement to describe our troop deployment as a UN mission. "The credibility of the United Nations is at stake," Secretary of State James Baker said in November. "It's very important that when the United Nations takes actions — passes resolutions and takes actions — that those resolutions and actions be implemented." Why?

In his August 8, 1990 speech, Mr. Bush stated: "We are working around the clock to deter Iraqi aggression and to enforce UN sanctions." In an article submitted by the President for publication in the November 26th *Newsweek*, Mr. Bush wrote: "We will continue the effective implementation of the United Nations sanctions." In that same article, he also said that "when we succeed" in accomplishing our objectives in the Persian Gulf:

We will have invigorated a United Nations that contributes as its founders dreamed. We will have established principles for acceptable international conduct and the means to enforce them. In short, we will have taken a major step toward a community of nations bound by a common commitment to peace and restraint.

Mr. Bush is an internationalist bent on using the U.S. military to achieve *United Nations* objectives. The founders he cites were a collection of communists and one-worlders who capably used numerous starry-eyed dreamers in their midst.

What further proof is needed of Mr. Bush's internationalist mindset than the fact that he went to the Security Council of the United Nations — not the U.S. Congress — for the authority to go to war? According to the U.S. Constitution, only the Congress has the authority to declare war. Mr. Bush knows this. While he took an oath to uphold the Constitution, he brazenly thumbed his nose at it by dodging efforts to recall Congress to make the decision. "[T]he White House said it opposed a special session, fearing that it would undermine Mr. Bush's strategy, and Congress itself was fundamentally divided," the November 14th *New York Times* reported.

Mr. Bush's massive troop deployment does not benefit America, but it does put impetus behind the new world order that he and other internationalists hope to construct. This

multilateral action could eventually be waged under the UN flag, resulting in an even greater compromising of American sovereignty and a strengthening of world socialism.

The United Nations is being given a new and improved image as a result of Mr. Bush's Mideast adventure. "The political case for joint action is compelling," the *New York Times* editorialized on August 15, 1990. "A multinational fleet in the gulf, flying a U.N. flag, can blunt Saddam Hussein's most powerful propaganda weapon: anti-Americanism."

Shortly after the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait, the United States decided to support a Soviet proposal for reviving the UN's Military Staff Committee. The prospects are now very real that U.S. forces could be placed under United Nations command, just as they were in Korea. Should this dangerous development take place, these forces would be compelled to obey UN directives, not U.S. directives. (Our forces are beholden to UN directives now only because the President of the United States views the UN and not the U.S. as the source of his authority.)

It is extremely significant that UN supervision of its military operations is the task of the Undersecretary for Political and Security Council Affairs. Since the UN was created, 14 persons have held this post. All have been communists, and all but one have come from the Soviet Union. This position is currently held by Vasily S. Safronchuk of the USSR. The UN has not fallen under the control of communist and other would-be totalitarian socialists, it has

been under their control from the beginning.

But direct UN control of our Persian Gulf forces is exactly what the internationalists want! Peter Tarnoff, the president of the world-government-promoting Council on Foreign Relations, suggested the formation of what he called a "U.N. Gulf Command." "This would be modeled on the force in Korea in 1950 and based on Article 43 of the U.N. Charter, which provides for U.N. members to contribute armed forces to the Security Council to restore international peace," Tarnoff wrote in an op-ed piece in the November 29th *New York Times*. In order to make it a truly international effort, Tarnoff recommended that other countries contribute more troops for the Gulf operation. With Mr. Bush in the White House, Tarnoff could very well see his goal of a UN Gulf Command realized. It seems likely that he and others want a UN-directed Middle East treaty organization (like NATO) that would further dilute U.S. sovereignty.

The multilateral response to the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait has also accelerated the transition of the Soviet Union from an enemy of the United States to a friend. For the first time since World War II, the two countries are acting as military allies against a common enemy. Amazingly, this transition is taking place even though the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait may well have been planned by the hundreds of Soviet military advisors who were in Iraq at the time, and even though Gorbachev left these advisors in place *after* the

invasion. While American troops are prepared for hostilities against Iraqi forces, Soviet advisors continue to train Iraqis in the use of their Soviet-supplied weapons. Yet, the Soviets are supposed to be our new "allies."

This transition is, of course, paving the way for an eventual merger of the U.S., the USSR, and other countries under the United Nations. The United States can hardly be expected to merge with an enemy; it can be expected to do so with a friend.

Now that the "new world order" is coming together in the Persian Gulf, the UN might work to "solve" other global crises. In addition to "resolving" regional conflicts in the Middle East, Central America, or Africa, the UN might also declare war on environmental concerns, the international drug trade, or international terrorism. Step by step, the house of world order might be built under the guise of solving problems that supposedly transcend national boundaries — until at last the United States becomes a mere province in a socialistic world government. Should this fate befall us, it will be because some very powerful individuals, including President George Bush, planned it that way.

### **The Correct Course**

What should we do about the escalating crisis in the Persian Gulf and the corresponding push for world government? First, we should demand that the U.S. Congress assert its constitutional authority over the President. Only Congress has the power to declare war. If the President brazenly launches a war with-

out this declaration, and if the Congress meekly accepts this unconstitutional act, then both should be held accountable by the court of public opinion.

Second, we must demand that our nation stop filling the role of policeman of the world — either acting unilaterally or under UN auspices. No American joined our nation's military to fill such a role. And no such role is authorized anywhere in the U.S. Constitution.

Third, we must demand that our President and the Congress preserve U.S. sovereignty. We must not allow our country or its armed forces to become subservient to the United Nations, or to any other power.

Fourth, we must demand that the President and the Congress remove unreasonable government restrictions preventing America's entrepreneurs from developing our abundant energy resources: Cancel the ban on off-shore drilling; open up Alaska for oil and gas development; and allow the nuclear power industry to tap the energy of the atom.

Finally, we must expose Mr. Bush's Mideast masquerade to anyone and everyone who will listen. Most Americans love their country, and they will not allow their President or anyone else to scrap the Constitution in favor of the UN Charter once they *really* know what's going on. Unless more Americans get involved, Mr. Bush could sacrifice thousands of American lives and, in the process, march the United States into a world government under the control of the godless United Nations.